

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representation of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY

As rescanning documents *will not* correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 1 077 403 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

published in accordance with Art. 158(3) EPC

(43) Date of publication:
21.02.2001 Bulletin 2001/08

(21) Application number: 99910830.1

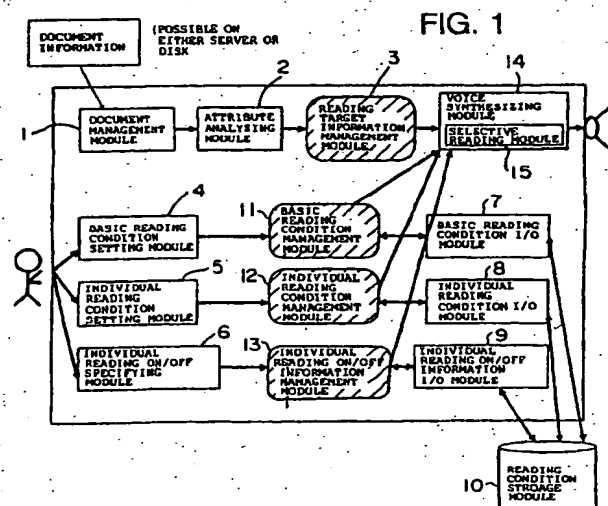
(22) Date of filing: 02.04.1999

(51) Int. Cl.⁷: G06F 3/16(86) International application number:
PCT/JP99/01760(87) International publication number:
WO 99/60474 (25.11.1999 Gazette 1999/47)(84) Designated Contracting States:
DE GB

(30) Priority: 15.05.1998 JP 13408598

(71) Applicant: FUJITSU LIMITED
Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa 211-8588 (JP)(72) Inventors:
• BABA, Hitomi,
Fujitsu Ltd.
Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa 211-8588 (JP)
• FUKUSHIMA, Takahiro,
Fujitsu Pers. Comp. Sys. Ltd
Inagi-shi, Tokyo 206-0801 (JP)• NAKAO, Makiko,
Fujitsu Pers. Comp. Sys. Ltd
Inagi-shi, Tokyo 206-0801 (JP)
• KANDA, Momoko,
Fujitsu Pers. Comp. Sys. Ltd
Inagi-shi, Tokyo 206-0801 (JP)(74) Representative:
Stebbing, Timothy Charles
Haseltine Lake & Co.,
Imperial House,
15-19 Kingsway
London WC2B 6UD (GB)(54) **DOCUMENT READ-ALoud DEVICE, READ-ALoud CONTROL METHOD, AND RECORDING MEDIUM**

(57) The present invention has an architecture capable of eliminating a necessity for previously designating in a document, when reading the document, attributes for reading. Focusing on utilizing the document with attributes, a document reading system analyzes contents of the attributes and reads texts in the document with a voice synthesizing module. The attributes are set irrespective of reading conditions. A basic reading condition setting module 3 sets the reading conditions for the entire document. An individual reading condition setting module 5 sets the reading condition for every attribute. A selective reading module 15, when reading the document, in principle, reads the text with reference to the basic reading condition set by the basic reading condition setting module, and selectively reads the text having the individual reading condition with reference to the individual reading condition given a higher priority than the basic reading condition.



EP 1 077 403 A1

Description

Technical Field

[0001] The present invention relates to a document reading system for reading aloud texts in a document inputted to a computer, and to a read control method.

Background Arts

[0002] A system disclosed in, e.g., Japanese Patent Application Laying-Open Publication No.8-272388 is known as a document reading system in the prior art.

[0003] This document reading system includes, as a voice synthesizing module for vocally synthesizing text data in kanji characters mixed with kana characters, an embedding module for embedding control data into text data, and an output module for synthesizing and outputting the voices based on the text data with a voice quality corresponding to the control data.

[0004] This type of system, however, needs to embed the control data into the text data beforehand in order to read a certain portion with some quality of voice.

[0005] Accordingly, if a scheme is that, in the case of reading the HTML texts on the Internet, some proportion of texts are read in a male voice and the rest of those texts are read in a female voice, it is required that the control data be written into the desired portion in the document each time, which is considered laborious.

[0006] The present invention, which was devised under such circumstances, aims at providing a technology capable of eliminating a necessity for embedding the control data for giving a reading condition into the document each time.

Disclosure of Invention

[0007] According to the present invention, focussing on such a point that an HTML (Hyper Text Mark-up Language) text and an RTF (Rich Text File) text previously contain attribute data (which will hereinafter be called tags as the case may be) for defining a decoration condition, etc. with respect to the text in the document irrespective of reading in voice, the tag is utilized as control data for reading.

[0008] A document reading system for analyzing contents of a document with attributes and reading texts in the document by use of a voice synthesizing module, comprises a basic reading condition setting module for the attributes being set irrespective of reading conditions, setting the reading conditions for the entire document, an individual reading condition setting module for setting the reading condition for every attribute, and a selective reading module for, when reading the document, in principle, reading the text with reference to the basic reading condition set by the basic reading condition setting module, and selectively reading the text hav-

ing the individual reading condition with reference to the individual reading condition given a higher priority than the basic reading condition.

[0009] Herein, the reading condition is any one of at least a quality (e.g., a voice pitch, a male or female voice), a volume (loudness of voice) and an accent (voice intonations and dialects) of a reading voice, and a selection of whether to read or not. For example, supposing that there is a text such as [h2>introduction of this homepage</h2>] in the HTML document, tags <h2></h2> specify a size of characters interposed between these tags when displayed. Then, in relation to these tags <h2></h2>, the characters therebetween is read in a male voice.

[0010] In particular, it is preferable that the reading condition set for every attribute by the individual reading condition setting module be related to an essential meaning of the attribute, and an essential meaning designated by the attribute can be associated from the reading voice.

[0011] To be specific, the tags <h2></h2> indicate the size of the characters, h2 represents a display larger than h3 but smaller than h1. Then, a document specified by h2 is read louder than by h3 but fainter than by h1, whereby the reading can be done in a mode based on the HTML protocol and the document can be visually associated simply by hearing the reading voice.

[0012] The document reading system may further comprise a reading condition storage module for storing the reading conditions.

[0013] In the document reading system according to the present invention, the basic reading condition setting module sets the reading conditions for the entire document, and subsequently the individual reading condition setting module sets the reading condition for every attribute.

[0014] When reading aloud the document, the text with no particular designation is read referring in principle to the basic reading condition set by the basic reading condition setting module.

[0015] Various items of data can be known from the tags in the document. In the case of the HTML, the various tags of a title of the page, a heading thereof, content texts, links, mail addresses and so on, are described in the document, and, on a screen, character sizes and colors are selectively set corresponding to the tags. In the prior art reading system, however, all the portions are read in the same voice, with the result that these items of data are lost. According to the present invention, the tag data can be recognized in voice by setting the reading conditions corresponding to the essential data contents of the tags.

[0016] Note that the attribute given to the document serves to control, e.g., displaying the document. Further, when the document is an HTML document, the attribute given to the document is tag data.

[0017] A document reading method of reading texts in a document by use of a voice synthesizing module

according to the present invention, comprises a step of judging an attribute, in the document, for controlling display of the document, and a step of changing a condition of reading the text of which the display is controlled by the attribute on the basis of a result of the judgement.

[0018] In this document reading method, the reading condition may be changed corresponding to a category of the attribute.

[0019] According to the present invention, there is also provided a readable-by-computer recording medium recorded with a program for making a computer, for reading texts in a document by use of a voice synthesizing module, execute a step of judging an attribute, in the document, for controlling display of the document, and a step of changing a condition of reading the text of which the display is controlled by the attribute on the basis of a result of the judgement.

[0020] The readable-by-computer recording medium may be recorded with a program for making the computer further execute a step of changing the reading condition corresponding to a category of the attribute.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0021]

FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing an example of an architecture of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a chart showing an example of setting reading conditions (fixed values);

FIG. 3 is a chart showing an example of setting the reading conditions (relative designations to the basic settings);

FIG. 4 is a view showing one example of a basic reading condition setting module;

FIG. 5 is a view showing an individual reading condition setting module and an individual reading ON/OFF specifying module;

FIG. 6 is a flowchart showing reading steps;

FIG. 7 is a view showing an example of displaying an HTML document by way of one example of a reading target;

FIG. 8 is a view showing the reading target in FIG. 7 as source data;

FIG. 9 is a chart showing a recommendation setting pattern of reading conditions;

FIG. 10 is view showing reading target text data; and

FIG. 11 is a view showing reading assist data.

Best Mode for Carrying out the Invention

[0022] FIG. 1 shows an architecture in one embodiment of the present invention.

[0023] According to a program-based architecture of the present invention, a CPU of a computer executes this program, thereby actualizing function performing modules on the CPU as shown in FIG. 1.

[0024] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the document reading system includes a document management module 1 for managing document information read by the computer through a recording medium such as a floppy disk and a CD-ROM and media like Internet, etc..

[0025] This document management module 1 is defined as software for reading and downloading documents such as HTML texts, RFT texts, etc.

[0026] The document reading system further includes an attribute analyzing module 2 for analyzing the document read by the document management module 1 of the computer and thus detecting a [tag] as an attribute thereof. Then, a reading target information management module 3 manages, as reading target information, the document read by the document management module 1 and the tag analyzed by the attribute analyzing module 2.

[0027] On the other hand, the document reading system has a basic reading condition setting module 4 for setting reading conditions for the whole document, an individual reading condition setting module 5 for setting the reading condition per attribute and an individual reading ON/OFF specifying module 6 for setting whether a text document with an attribute specially designated as an individual reading condition, though it is a concept embraced by the individual reading condition setting module 5, should be [read aloud (ON)] or [not read aloud (OFF)], of which settings are done through an input device such as a keyboard, etc..

[0028] The document reading system further includes a basic reading condition management module 11, an individual reading condition management module 12 and an individual reading ON/OFF information management module 13, which manage the respective conditions set by the basic reading condition setting module 4, the individual reading condition setting module 5 and the individual reading ON/OFF specifying module 6, and write or read the respective conditions to or from a hard disk serving as a reading condition storage module 10 through a basic reading condition I/O module 7, an individual reading condition I/O module 8 and an individual reading ON/OFF information I/O module 9.

[0029] Then, when reading the document, the basic reading condition management module 11, the individual reading condition management module 12 and the individual reading ON/OFF information management module 13, read the respective conditions from the hard disk serving as the reading condition storage module 10 through the basic reading condition I/O module 7, the individual reading condition I/O module 8 and the individual reading ON/OFF information I/O module 9, and transmit data about those conditions to a voice synthesizing module 14.

[0030] The voice synthesizing module 14 includes a selective reading module 15 for reading aloud, with reading targets being set to the document data and the [tag] defined as an attribute which are managed by the

reading target information management module 3, at first the text with reference to the basic reading condition set by the basic reading condition setting module 4, and selectively reading the text having the individual reading condition with reference to the individual reading condition given a higher priority than the basic reading condition.

[0031] Note that a voice synthesizing mode used herein upon reading has hitherto been known and is not therefore explained in particular.

[0032] Herein, FIG. 2 shows an example where the reading conditions are set in fixed values. Referring to FIG. 2, the reading conditions are voice loudness, a voice pitch, a voice type (male voice and female voice) and a voice intonation.

[0033] Then, the basic reading condition setting module 4 sets, as basic conditions, the loudness, the pitch, the type (male voice and female voice) and the intonation of the voice as shown in FIG. 2. Further, the individual reading condition setting module 5 sets the conditions shown in FIG. 2 with respect to tags 1 ~ 4.

[0034] FIG. 3 is a chart showing a case where the fixed values shown in FIG. 2 are designated relatively to the basic settings. Herein, FIG. 3 is a representation shown relatively to the basic set values as standard values.

[0035] The settings by the basic reading condition setting module 4, the individual reading condition setting module 5 and the individual reading ON/OFF specifying module 6 are inputted specifically on an input screen as shown in FIGs. 4 and 5.

[0036] FIG. 4 shows an example of the setting by the basic reading condition setting module 4. FIG. 5 shows the settings by the individual reading condition setting module 5 and the individual reading ON/OFF specifying module 6. Herein, names of tags of the HTML documents are indicated in a selective reading target column R1, and the name of the actual tag of the name indicated in the column R1 is shown in a column R2 under the column R1. On the right side of the columns R1 and R2, a check box R3 for designating the read is provided as the individual reading ON/OFF specifying module 6 for setting whether to individually read with respect to the reading target tag. An individual setting check box R4 for setting the voice loudness, the voice pitch and the voice type is provided as the individual reading condition setting module 5 under the check box R3. The individual setting check box R4 is activated when [Reading] is set in the check box R3.

[0037] With respect to the settings described above, as shown in FIG. 2, the specific values may be set as the tag data, and the settings relative to the basic settings may also be taken. In the case shown in FIG. 2, an advantage is that the set value per tag is retained without being influenced by the basic settings. In the case shown in FIG. 3, the representation can be given by the relative designation to the basic settings, and hence it is feasible to make a sensuous designation

such as [Let's try to read in a louder and higher-pitch voice than in the normal portion] without indicating the specific numerical values. By use of those pieces of information, the attribute analyzing module 2 analyzes the tags with respect to the document data obtained by the document management module 1 in FIG. 1, and transfers a result of the analysis as reading target data to the voice synthesizing module 14.

[0038] On the other hand, based on the basic reading voice setting previously designated and the reading voice setting per tag, the voice synthesizing module 14 reads the given reading target data aloud by use of the designated voice attribute.

[0039] This reading steps will be explained referring to a flowchart in FIG. 6.

[0040] This is an example of reading the HTML document shown in FIGs. 7 and 8. FIG. 7 shows an example where the HTML document is displayed on browser. FIG. 8 shows source data thereof. In this example, the reading voice setting per tag of the HTML has already been set, and it is herein assumed that a recommendation pattern shown in FIG. 9 be set. This recommendation pattern is a pattern preset as a standard model in the reading condition storage module 10.

[0041] To start with, in step 101, the document management module 1 downloads the source data shown in FIG. 8 and reads the data as an HTML file. Next, the HTML attribute analyzing module 2 executes an analysis on a character-basis from the head of the data of the HTML file. A character or symbol interposed between "<" and ">" in the data is interpreted as a tag. If not categorized as the selective reading target tag, that may be ignored, and, whereas if being the selective reading target tag, the reading target information management module 3 stores the memory with the reading target text shown in FIG. 10 (step 103). Then, the reading target information management module 3 stores the memory with reading assist data shown in FIG. 11 (step 104). Herein, the selective reading assist data are setting data of a position and a voice in the reading target text data.

[0042] In the case shown in FIG. 8, the processing is done as follows:

- (1) Data [male voice, loudness = 3, pitch = 3] written in a column [other tags] in a voice setting table (FIG. 9); are registered as a voice initial setting. Reading is carried out in this mode for the first time.
- (2) The first line is processed. A tag <html> is out of the reading target and is therefore ignored.
- (3) The second line is processed. A tag <head> is out of the reading target and is therefore ignored. A next tag <title> is defined as [reading OFF] in the voice setting table (FIG. 9), and hence the reading is skipped over to a corresponding tag </title>. A next tag </head> is also out of the reading target and is therefore ignored.
- (4) The third line is processed. A tag <body> is out

of the reading target and is therefore ignored.

(5) The fourth line is processed. A tag
 is out of the reading target and is therefore ignored. A next sentence is additionally registered as a reading target to [reading target text data].

(6) The fifth line is processed. The sentence is additionally registered as a reading target.

(7) The sixth line is processed. A tag <comment> is set as [reading OFF] in the voice setting table, and therefore the reading is skipped over to a corresponding tag </comment>.

(8) The seventh line is processed. The reading is skipped over two tags
 and <center>. With a next tag , the voice setting is changed to (male voice, loudness = 2, pitch = 3), which is stored in [reading assist data]. Further, a text delimited by a tag is additionally registered as a reading target.

(9) The eighth line is likewise processed. The voice setting is changed to (male voice, loudness = 5, pitch = 4) corresponding to , which is stored in [reading assist data]. Further, the text delimited by the tag is additionally registered as a reading target.

(10) Next, the voice setting is initialized to (male voice, loudness = 3, pitch = 3), and a text is also registered.

(11) The processing of a ninth line is that only a text is added. The tag
 is ignored.

(12) The processing of a tenth line is that a text down to [For getting it,] is registered in the reading target text data. Next, the voice setting is initialized corresponding to <a href>, and a subsequent text is registered.

(13) The processing of an eleventh line is that only a text is added. The tag
 is ignored.

(14) Twelfth and thirteenth lines are processed so that tags are ignored, and the processing comes to an end.

[0043] As a result, the data are stored in [reading target text data] and [reading assist data]. The voice synthesizing module interprets those pieces of data and synthesizes the voices.

[0044] As discussed above, the selective reading module 15 is capable of selectively reading in an elaborate manner by use of the tags as the elements of document. For instance, if [reading] is designated to only a heading of HTML, it follows that only the portions considered important are extracted and read aloud in general. Further, it is also feasible to designate in such a mode that the portion with a larger font is read louder, and the portion with a smaller font is read fainter. Therefore, even a nuance of sentence that can not be conveyed simply by reading with no intonation can be expressed by reading in the voice synthesization without looking at the screen.

(Other Examples)

[0045] The attribute analyzing module 2 analyzes the tags in the document, thereby recognizing various pieces of information. In the case of the HTML, the tags of the title of the page, the heading thereof, the content texts, the links, the mail addresses and so on, are described in the document, and, on the screen, the character sizes and colors are selectively set corresponding to the tags.

[0046] Then, the reading conditions corresponding to those pieces of data are set corresponding to meanings and contents of the tags. These settings are stored beforehand in a way of corresponding to the tags in an unillustrated table. With this contrivance, the same tag is read aloud always in the same voice, and the reading voice may be set louder or fainter corresponding to the character size with reference to the table each time the tag is analyzed. It is therefore possible to set the reading condition corresponding to the essential data content of the tag and to recognize the tag data in voice.

[0047] According to the present invention, the document can be selectively read aloud by utilizing the attribute data as they are, which have been set beforehand in the document, and there is no necessity for setting each piece of attribute data for the selective reading in the document.

[0048] Then, if the reading condition set per attribute by the individual reading condition setting module 5 is related to the essential meaning of the attribute, the essential meaning designated by the attribute can be associated from the voice uttered by reading, and the contents of the document that have been read in voice can be visually comprehended.

Industrial Applicability

[0049] The present invention is applicable to information processors such as a personal computer, a word processor and so on that are capable of dealing with the text data, and to an Internet terminal capable of dealing with the HTML document.

Claims

1. A document reading system for analyzing contents of a document with attributes and reading texts in the document by use of a voice synthesizing module, comprising:

a basic reading condition setting module for, the attributes being set irrespective of reading conditions, setting the reading conditions for the entire document;

an individual reading condition setting module for setting the reading condition for every attribute; and

a selective reading module for, when reading

the document, in principle, reading the text with reference to the basic reading condition set by said basic reading condition setting module, and selectively reading the text having the individual reading condition with reference to the individual reading condition given a higher priority than the basic reading condition.

10. A storage medium readable by a computer, according to claim 9, for making a computer further comprising:

a step of changing the reading condition corresponding to a category of the attribute.

2. A document reading system according to claim 1, wherein the reading condition is any one of at least a quality, a volume and an accent of a reading voice, and a selection of whether to read or not.

3. A document reading system according to claim 1, wherein the reading condition set for every attribute by said individual reading condition setting module is related to an essential meaning of the attribute, and an essential meaning designated by the attribute can be associated from the reading voice.

4. A document reading system according to claim 1, further comprising a reading condition storage module for storing the reading conditions.

5. A document reading system according to claim 1, wherein the attribute serves to control displaying the document.

6. A document reading system according to claim 1, wherein the document is an HTML document, and the attribute is tag data.

7. A document reading control method of reading texts in a document by use of a voice synthesizing module, comprising:

judging an attribute, in the document, for controlling display of the document; and changing a condition of reading the text of which the display is controlled by the attribute on the basis of a result of the judgement.

8. A document reading control method according to claim 7, wherein the reading condition is changed corresponding to a category of the attribute.

9. A storage medium readable by a computer, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the computer to perform method steps for displaying content data, for reading texts in a document by use of a voice synthesizing module, the method steps comprising:

judging an attribute, in the document, for controlling display of the document; and changing a condition of reading the text of which the display is controlled by the attribute on the basis of a result of the judgement.

FIG. 1

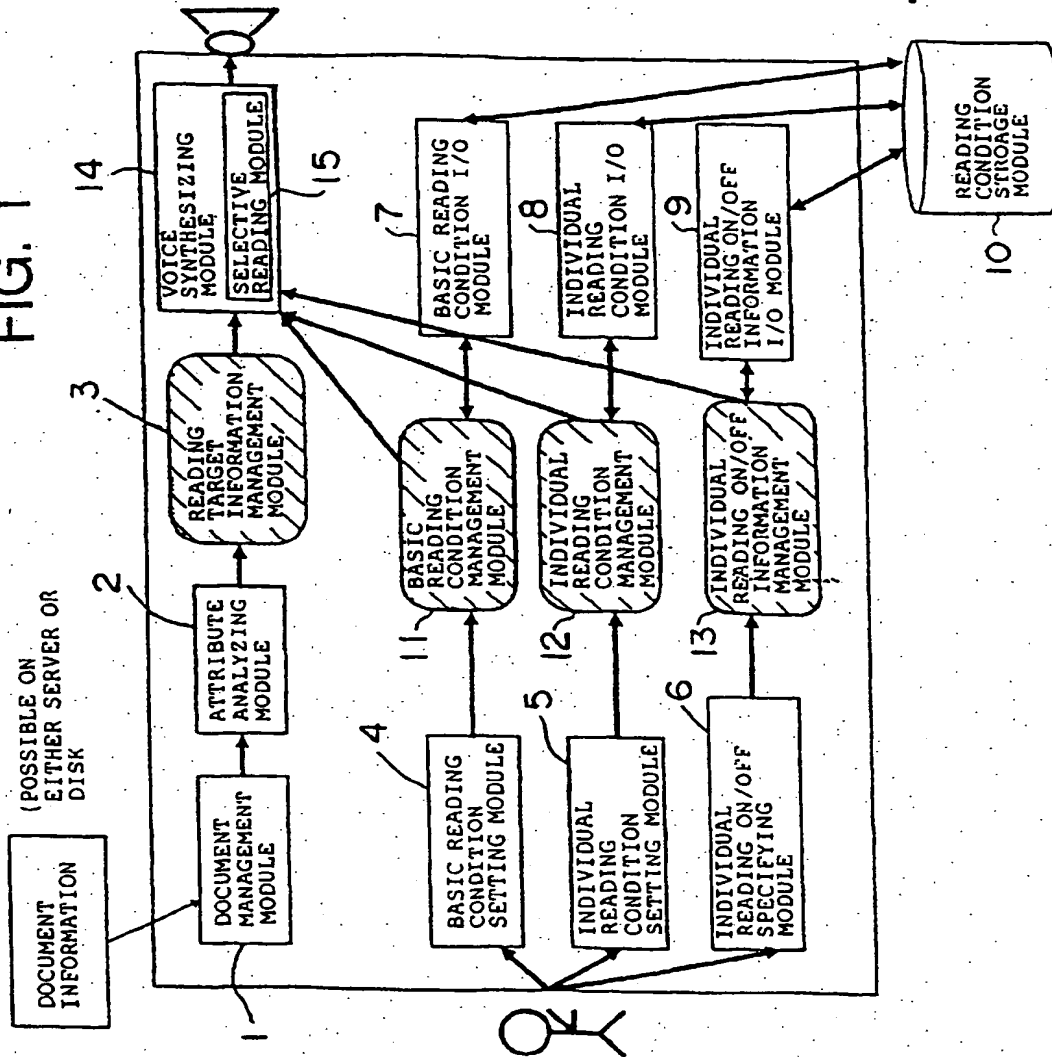


FIG. 2

TAG CATEGORY	VOICE LOUDNESS (1-5)	VOICE PITCH (1-5)	VOICE TYPE	VOICE INTONATION (1-5)
BASIC SETTING	3	3	MALE VOICE	4
TAG 1	3	4	FEMALE VOICE	3
TAG 2	4	4	MALE VOICE	3
TAG 3	5	4	MALE VOICE	4
~				
TAG 4	2	3	MALE VOICE	5

FIG. 3

TAG CATEGORY	VOICE LOUDNESS (1-5)	VOICE PITCH (1-5)	VOICE TYPE	VOICE INTONATION (1-5)
BASIC SETTING	3	3	MALE VOICE	4
TAG 1	BASIC LOUDNESS	HIGHER THAN BASIC LOUDNESS	FEMALE VOCIE	BASIC INTONATION
TAG 2	LARGER THAN BASIC LOUDNESS	BASIC PITCH	BASIC VOICE	BASIC INTONATION
TAG 3	BASIC LOUDNESS	LOWER THAN BASIC PITCH	BASIC VOICE	BASIC INTONATION
~				
TAG 4	BASIC LOUDNESS	BASIC PITCH	FEMALE VOCIE	LARGER THAN BASIC INTONATION

* ATTRIBUTES OF TAGS ARE RELATIVELY SHOWN BASED
ON BASIC SET VALUES

FIG. 4

STORY Web-USER SETTING

BASIC SETTING SELECTIVE READING

READING MODE

LOUDNESS, PITCH, TYPE AND INTONATION OF READING VOICE MAY BE SET

VOICE LOUDNESS(X)
☐ LARGE
☒ NORMAL
☐ SMALL

VOICE PITCH(P)
☒ HIGH
☐ LOW

VOICE TYPE(Q)
☒ MALE
☐ FEMALE
☐ VOICIE

VOICE INTONATION(A)
☐ STRONG
☒ NORMAL
☐ WEAK

OK CANCEL UPDATE(A) HELP

FIG. 5

STORY Web-USER SETTING

BASIC SETTING SELECTIVE READING

SELECTIVE READING TARGET (T)

COMMENT

TITLE

LINK (EXCLUDING MAIL)

MAIL

SHAPED TEXT

HEADINGS 1

HEADINGS 2

HEADINGS 3

COMMENT

ALL SETTINGS ARE INITIALIZED (E)

NON-READING (R)

VOICE LOUDNESS (V)

☒ BASIC LOUDNESS

☐ LARGER THAN BASIC LOUDNESS

☐ SMALLER THAN BASIC LOUDNESS

VOICE PITCH (P)

☒ BASIC PITCH

☐ HIGHER THAN BASIC PITCH

☐ LOWER THAN BASIC PITCH

VOICE TYPE (D)

☐ SPECIFY

☐ MALE

☐ FEMALE

BASICALLY, VOICE LOUDNESS IS SET TO [NORMAL], VOICE PITCH [HIGH] AND VOICE TYPE IS [MALE]

COLOR SELECTION (C)

OK CANCEL UPDATE (A) HELP

R1 R2 R3 R4

FIG. 6

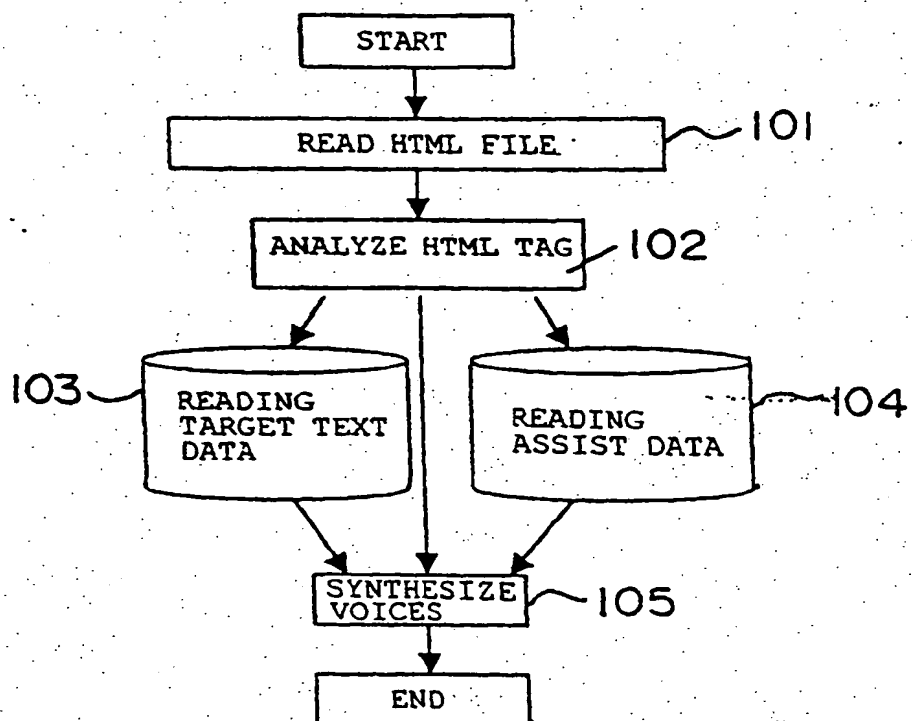


FIG. 7

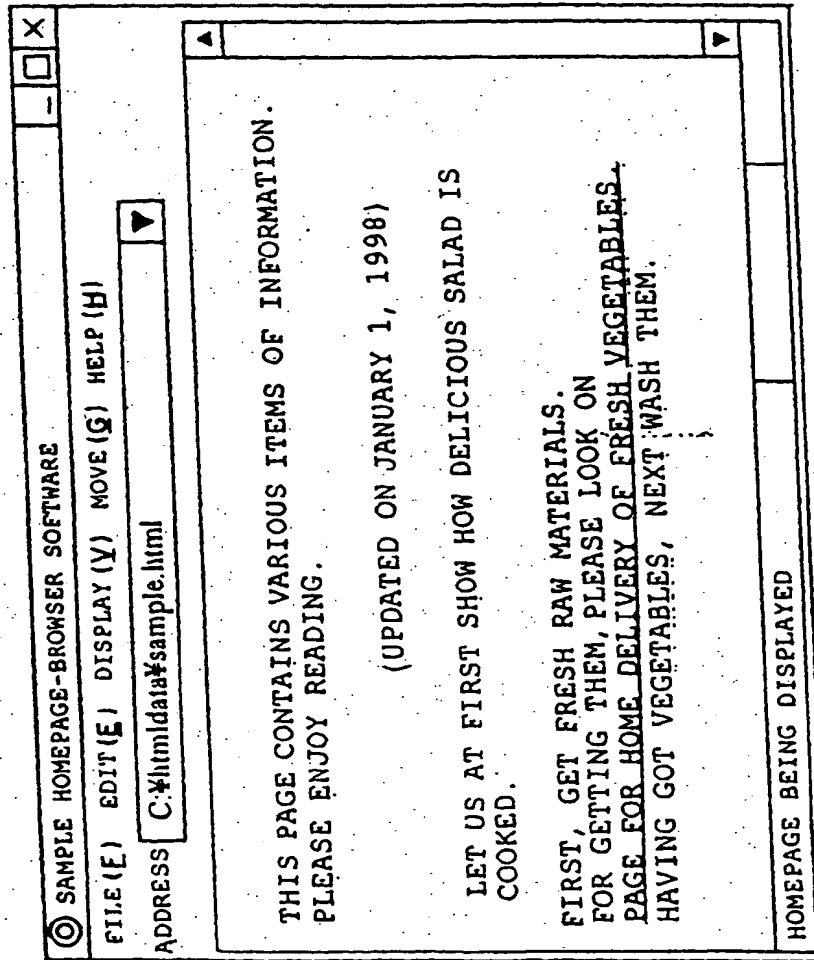


FIG. 8

LINE	
1	<html>
2	<head><title> SAMPLE HOMEPAGE </title></head>
3	<body bgcolor="#ffffff" text="#ff0080" link="#d9006c" vlink="#ff2693" link="#ff55aa">
4	 THIS PAGE CONTAINS VARIOUS ITEMS OF INFORMATION.
5	PLEASE ENJOY READING.
6	<comment> FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS CREATED WITH COOPERATION OF
7	XXX-SAN </comment>
8	 <center>(UPDATED ON JANUARY 1, 1998) </center>
9	 LET US AT FIRST SHOW HOW DELICIOUS SALAD IS
10	COOKED.
11	FIRST, GET FRESH RAW MATERIALS.
12	FOR GETTING THEM, PLEASE LOOK ON PAGE
13	 FOR HOME DELIVERY OF FRESH VEGETABLES.
	HAVING GOT VEGETABLES, NEXT WASH THEM.
	</body>
	</html>

FIG. 9

HTML TAGS	READING ON/OFF	VOICE TYPE	VOICE LOUDNESS	VOICE PITCH
COMMENT <comment>	OFF	—	—	—
LINK <a href>	ON	FEMALE VOICE	3	3
MAIL 	ON	FEMALE VOICE	3	3
TITLE <title>	OFF	—	—	—
HEADING <h> (n=1, 2, 3...)	ON	MALE VOICE	5	4
FONT SIZE <fontsize=n> (n=1, 2)	ON	MALE VOICE	2	3
FONT SIZE <fontsize=n> (n=5, 6, 7)	ON	MALE VOICE	5	4
OTHER TAGS	ON	MALE VOICE	3	3

FOLLOWING IS SETTING RANGE OF PARAMETES IN
VOICE SYNTHESIZATION

READING ON/OFF ON/OFF

VOICE TYPE MALE VOICE / FEMALE VOICE

VOICE LOUDNESS 1 ~ 5

VOICE PITCH 1 ~ 5

FIG. 10

THIS PAGE CONTAINS VARIOUS ITEMS OF
INFORMATION.

PLEASE ENJOY READING.

UPDATED ON JANUARY 1, 1998

LET US AT FIRST SHOW HOW DELICIOUS SALAD IS
COOKED.

FIRST, GET FRESH RAW MATERIALS.

FOR GETTING THEM, PLEASE LOOK ON
PAGE FOR HOME DELIVERY OF FRESH
VEGETABLES.

HAVING GOT VEGETABLES, NEXT WASH THEM.

FIG. 11

1 (MALE VOICE, LOUDNESS = 3, PITCH = 3)

3 (MALE VOICE, LOUDNESS = 2, PITCH = 3)

4 (MALE VOICE, LOUDNESS = 5, PITCH = 4)

5 (MALE VOICE, LOUDNESS = 3, PITCH = 3)

7 (FEMALE VOICE, LOUDNESS = 3, PITCH = 3)

8 (MALE VOICE, LOUDNESS = 3, PITCH = 3)

NUMERAL ATTACHED TO HEAD OF LINE IS
CORRESPONDING TEXT LINE NUMBER

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP99/01760

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER Int.Cl ⁶ G06F3/16, G10L5/02 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) Int.Cl ⁶ G06F3/16, G10L5/02 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1926-1996 Toroku Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1994-1999 Kokai Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1971-1999 Jitsuyo Shinan Toroku Koho 1996-1999 Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	JP, 6-337876, A (Toshiba Corp.), 6 December, 1994 (06. 12. 94), Column 3, line 28 to column 4, line 46 (Family: none)	1-3, 5, 7, 8
Y		4, 6, 9, 10
X	JP, 2-289071, A (Ricoh Co., Ltd.), 29 November, 1990 (29. 11. 90), Fig. 1 (Family: none)	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8
Y		3, 6, 9, 10
X	JP, 1-204100, A (Ricoh Co., Ltd.), 16 August, 1989 (16. 08. 89), Fig. 1 (Family: none)	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8
Y		3, 6, 9, 10
<input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search 23 June, 1999 (23. 06. 99)		Date of mailing of the international search report 6 July, 1999 (06. 07. 99)
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Japanese Patent Office		Authorized officer
Facsimile No.		Telephone No.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)